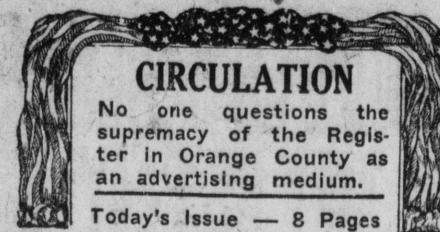


# Registration for the Primaries Will Close on July 27



Today's Issue — 8 Pages

**CIRCULATION**  
No one questions the supremacy of the Register in Orange County as an advertising medium.

# Santa Ana Register

VOL. XIII. NO. 197.

SANTA ANA, CALIFORNIA.



MONDAY, JULY 22, 1918.



**LITTLE ADS**

Register Classified Ads. cost but little but they bring immediate results.

Today's Issue — 8 Pages

50 CENTS PER MONTH

## ALLIES, ATTACKING ON 100-MILE FRONT, CONTINUE ADVANCE

### Offensive Grows in Scope and Power; Germans in Full Retreat

#### ALLIES PURSUE YANKEES WIPE OUT FORCE OF ATTACKING CAVALRY

Franco-American Advance Continues; Crown Prince's Army Retreats Swiftly

BY FRED S. FERGUSON  
(United Press Staff Correspondent)  
WITH THE AMERICAN ARMIES  
IN FRANCE, July 22 (1:00 a. m.)—The Franco-American advance continues everywhere from Soissons to east of Chateau-Thierry.

Oulchy le Chateau has been penetrated, placing the railway and the main highway from Chateau-Thierry to Fismes, under Allied control and thus adding to the difficulties of the German retirement from the Marne.

American and French infantry are across the Marne in great numbers and are heavily reinforced by Allied artillery, which effected the passage without opposition. French cavalry is operating northeast of Chateau-Thierry, far in advance of the infantry.

American field guns are firing on Soissons, while the Franco-American line has been strengthened south of that city until practically all the main highway from Soissons to Chateau-Thierry is in our possession.

German prisoners say their orders are to retire northward from the Marne to Fere-en-Tardenois, twelve miles northeast of Chateau-Thierry and fifteen miles southeast of Soissons.

The crown prince's army group is now on the retreat everywhere north of the Marne. The Allied line runs well north of Chateau-Thierry and contact has been established with our lines northwest of that place.

In addition to crossing the Soissons-Chateau-Thierry road on a wide front south of the former city, the Americans and French are marching on the road northwest of the latter. French cavalry is scouting ahead of the infantry, seeking to keep in contact with the retreating Germans.

Franco-American troops crossed the Marne without opposition early Sunday, using to a large extent the boats and foot bridges which the Germans were forced to abandon in their haste. Long lines of infantry and artillery poured across the river all day and into the night. The guns were set up quickly and shelled the enemy's rear guards.

South of Soissons, the boches are putting up a desperate resistance. Americans and French are advancing there across alternating plateaus and wooded ravines. The latter are filled with machine gun nests, about which German resistance centers.

American troops, fighting tirelessly, are cleaning up these nests. The small streams, running through some of the ravines, are no barriers to the doughboys. Some are so narrow the men leap across, while others they are forced to wade with guns and pack held high above their heads.

Every sort of unit is beginning to get into the fight. Several hundred military policemen, a supply company and several other units normally rated as non-combatants, as a result of the constant pleading, were put into the line.

Soissons and all the Aisne bridges are under fire of the Allied artillery. Heavy movements have been observed toward the rear, back of the lines, indicating possible withdrawal from the Soissons region, similar to that of Chateau-Thierry.

Some of the most dramatic scenes are enacted in this war of movement. Every unit is working tirelessly. Trucks have been running day and night for four days, the drivers alternating in sleeping on the seat, while the others drive. Artillerymen lie down beside their guns to snatch a few winks of sleep while the pieces roar away almost on top of them.

It is a common sight to see reinforcements along the roads in the rear, the men asleep on the ground, using their gas masks as pillows. Further forward the units are denied even this slight rest.

One machine gun unit got so far ahead that it received no food for 24 hours. It sent word back and two motorcycles with side cars were loaded with rations.

The drivers were told to reach the machine gunners at any cost. They rode over hills pitted with shell holes, across fields and dodged among the boche dead, but they reached the machine gunners.

Cigarettes are now an important

(CONTINUED ON PAGE TWO)

#### YANKEES WIPE OUT FORCE OF ATTACKING CAVALRY

First Horse Charge By Germans In New Offensive Bloody Repulsed

BY FRANK J. TAYLOR  
(United Press Staff Correspondent)  
WITH THE AMERICAN ARMIES  
IN FRANCE, July 21.—(Night)—American troops, facing their first cavalry charge of the war, utterly wiped out a formidable force of German horsemen east of Rheims and defeated what apparently was an ambitious attempt to cut the Allied lines and reach Chalons. So far as is known, this is the first time the enemy has employed cavalry since the counter offensive began.

Immediately after, the same American unit broke up a combined attack of infantry and tanks.

The Americans held an important sector on a slight rise, behind a chalk-colored hill, over which were the enemy front positions. When the German cavalry topped the hill and swept down upon the Americans, they ran into a unit which had a remarkable record for sharp-shooting.

Opening up with machine guns, automatic rifles and Enfields, the Americans quickly dropped men and horses. The artillery joined in, adding to the slaughter. The cavalry dwindled until only a handful remained. These galloped back over the hill to the German lines.

The Germans quickly reorganized for another attack. American observers spotted enemy tanks crawling over the chalk-like hill, accompanied by infantry in great strength.

American artillery cut loose and the first salvo struck several tanks squarely, splitting them wide open. Simultaneously, the German infantry began melting away under the withering fire of the American infantry and machine gunners. This effort was broken up almost as quickly as the previous one and the Germans made no further attempts in this sector.

Reinforced by French infantry, the Americans then attacked, driving the boches back beyond their original lines.

Tales of American exploits are numerous as doughboys wander back to the hospitals and tell of their comrades.

East of Chateau-Thierry, three Americans captured a German boat and rowed across the Marne under cover of darkness before the German retreat. They hid in bushes during the day, exploring the banks and discovering machine guns. Then they re-entered the boat and pushed their explorations farther. The boches discovered them and opened an intense machine gun fire. The Americans escaped by diving overboard and swimming half the time under the surface.

The next night, they led a strong patrol of their pals across and extended their investigations, obtaining valuable information concerning the disposition of German units.

After cleaning the south bank of fugitives tonight, American units crossed the Marne and combed the woods on the north bank east of Chateau-Thierry, capturing great numbers of prisoners. Once in a while they encountered boches who refused to surrender immediately. The Germans didn't get another chance.

An instance of great bravery occurred when an exploding shell buried a doughboy so that only his head protruded from the dirt. His struggles to extricate himself only exhausted him. Along came a pal, returning to a dressing station with a dangerous head wound. This doughboy stopped and began digging out the buried man. Finally his strength failed him and he fell unconscious. He recovered somewhat and resumed his digging.

"You go and get your wound dressed; it's more serious than my trouble," the buried doughboy declared.

The army intelligence bureau is cooperating with the police in probing the mystery.

#### Quentin Roosevelt Killed by Boche Flyer Named Greper

Semi-Official Dispatch Says Was Shot Twice Through Head In Combat

AMSTERDAM, July 22.—Lieut. Quentin Roosevelt was killed by a German named Greper, semi-official dispatches received here today from Berlin stated. Two shots in the head brought down the son of the famous ex-president. He was buried with full military honors.

Twelve American and seven German fliers were engaged in the battle with Lieutenant Roosevelt. Roosevelt and Greper drew out from the remainder and engaged in a duel in which the greater experience of the German counted, the dispatches said.

#### United States Casualty List

##### Pershing's Army List

WASHINGTON, July 22.—Sixty-two casualties listed by General Pershing today include:

Killed in action 9; died of wounds 14; died of disease 7; died of accident and other causes 3; wounded severely 12; missing in action 16; prisoners 1.

The list follows:

**Killed in action:** Lieut. L. C. Hoskins, Las Vegas, N. M.; Privates G. Kohlmeier, Linn, Kan.; J. Maciejewski, Berlin, Wis.; J. Nowatny, Wautoma, Wis.; C. D. Perry, Dublin, Ga.; S. Steves, Raquette Lake, N. Y.; P. J. Sullivan, New York; M. D. Teague, Gastonia, N. C.; G. J. Verdoukas, Greece.

**Died of wounds:** Corporals J. J. Bergman, Bancroft, Ia.; H. R. Laughlin, Yamhill, Ore.; Cook G. S. Alberts, Brooklyn, N. Y.; Privates L. F. Beckerle, St. Louis, Mo.; D. Blotto, Philadelphia, Pa.; H. F. Doering, Sheboygan, Wis.; E. Ganski, Chicago; J. E. Hadfield, Bristol, R. I.; C. M. Hickman, Flatwood, W. Va.; L. A. Murphy, Sayre, Pa.; J. Rugg, Casselton, N. D.; R. D. Sparks, Gimlet, Ky.; E. Szyperski, Depew, N. Y.; T. Villoto, East Rutherford, N. J.

**Died of disease:** Corporal M. R. Hutchinson, Bartlesville, Okla.; Privates J. S. Cooper, Cassville, Mo.; J. F. Fohey, Hoboken, N. J.; McGee, Columbus, O.; K. O'Dell, Buena Vista, Ark.; A. S. Rex, Philadelphia; D. Schwartz, New York.

**Died from wounds and other causes:** Privates P. G. Mente, Heidelberg, Pa.; B. E. Stone, Shrewsbury, Mass.; L. Thomas, New York.

**Wounded severely:** Privates G. A. Brown, Philadelphia, Pa.; W. S. Knutson, Curlew, Idaho; J. R. Lovins, St. Louis, Mo.

**Missing in action:** Privates S. Bergwerk, Austria; W. A. Dickey, Millhall, Pa.; H. C. Goodman, Iuka, Miss.

**W. S. S.**

#### CANNONADING IS HUN 'OFFENSIVE HEARD AS NAVY FOR PEACE' IS STUPENDOUS FAILURE

Explosions Off Massachusetts Coast Resembled Those of Depth Bombs

WASHINGTON, July 22.—The navy ordnance bureau was asked by Secretary Daniels today to investigate the apparent failure of depth bombs by a seaplane upon the U-boat raider at Orleans Massachusetts, to explode.

PROVINCETOWN, Mass., July 22.—Heavy cannonading was heard off shore here at 11:45 a. m. today.

Navy vessels have been off this port hunting German submarines. Provincetown harbor is closed to all ships.

Explosions resembling those of depth bombs were heard shortly after 4 a. m.

A haze hid the origin of the firing but it is believed that naval vessels may have located a submarine. The firing was heard in several towns near here.

#### SWEEP SEAS FOR SUB WHICH SANK TUG BOAT

BOSTON, Mass., July 22.—United States naval craft were sweeping the seas today for the German submarine which sank the tug Perth Amboy and her tow of four barges three miles off the Cape Cod shore. The weather was heavy, making observation difficult. John Botovich and John Vitz, victims of the shelling, are in the Massachusetts general hospital here in a critical condition. One of Botovich's arms was almost completely severed.

Because of the promise of peace thus held out to more than fifty divisions (600,000 men), the moral effect of the defeat is incalculable.

The material effect is more easily summed up. Epernay is safer than ever. The forest of the mountain of Rheims remains an impregnable barrier north of the Marne; the Germans must content themselves with the seizure of Rheims if they desire to soothe the folks at home, then take up new positions.

The net result has been the loss of an appreciable portion of the territory taken May 27 and the lines of communication from Soissons to the rear are seriously threatened. This much is certain to date:

Botovich, in his account, declared one of the U-boat's shells passed through the pilot house of the Perth Amboy. This hurled him to the floor, practically severing his arm.

—W. S. S.—

#### RED CROSS SUPPLIES HAVE BEEN LANDED IN VLADIVOSTOK

WASHINGTON, July 22.—American Red Cross supplies are being sent into Vladivostok, the state department reported.

Later, it may be found desirable to ship there some rifles made on Russian account before the Slavs quit the war. On this subject, however, officials are maintaining silence.

Rumors said Germany and Finland had reached an agreement. This is doubted here.

The Germans are said to have eighty thousand troops in Finland in anticipation that the Finns sooner or later will make demands upon Russia involving the Murmansk railway and perhaps give Germany a chance to move up to the line.

It is apparent the Germans underestimate the available Allied forces and the spirit with which they would meet the assault.

Some insight into the political effect on Germany can be gained from the protestations of a pan-Germanist officer who was taken prisoner. He declared that certain Bavarian elements failed to defend their positions "earnestly" and practically accused them of treason.

On the other hand, there are many evidences that the crown prince used many of the best German divisions available. Among those identified are the Sixth division of the "Invincible Brandenburgers," who acquired that title when the kaiser specially recognized them in February, 1916, for the capture of Fort Douamont, one of the principal defenses of Verdun.

In the Champagne offensive alone, the Germans were compelled to throw in four new divisions (48,000 men) after Thursday's fighting, to repair the breaks in their line, scattering them battalion by battalion along various sectors, although they had been intended as a part of the precious reserves that were to definitely turn the tide of the battle and force immediate peace.

One of the new things introduced in the battle was a new German armored truck. These were used in transporting munitions across fields and along the roads under heavy shell fire. The trucks have six wheels, with a caterpillar tractor and their armored bodies are 25 feet long, 9 feet high and 8 feet wide.

Isolated Allied units who were cut off in the early fighting were supplied with food by French aviators until they were rescued.

—W. S. S.—

BATH TUB, WASH BOWL, STOLEN LOS ANGELES, July 22.—J. C. Baird of Lawndale wanted to take a bath.

When he entered the bath room, he found burglars had escaped with the bath tub and taken a pedestal wash bowl for good measure.

In short, Mooney's fate is problematical and rests alone in Governor Stephens' hands.

—W. S. S.—

#### BOCHE MAY RALLY ON THE OURcq; AUSTRIANS PLAN ANOTHER DRIVE IN ITALY

Allies Continue to Gain on Soissons-Rheims Salient, Advancing Beyond Chateau-Thierry; German Leadership Proposed For Austrians In New Italian Offensive; Honduras Joins Ranks of Allies; Fourteen Enemy Airplanes and Three Balloons Shot Down on Friday.

LONDON, July 22.—The Germans are burning villages inside the Soissons and Rheims salient and are believed to be preparing a general withdrawal. This would represent a retirement of 20 miles north of Chateau-Thierry.

Fighting along the line south of Soissons is growing in intensity. A German rear guard action north of Chateau Thierry penetrated the allied line half a mile by fierce counter attacks. The fighting is particularly violent south of Soissons where the opposing armies are fighting for Bersy.

WITH THE AMERICANS IN FRANCE, July 22.—The Americans continue to advance from the Marne and beyond Bezu-St. Germain, five miles northeast of Chateau-Thierry. In the meantime both ends of the Soissons salient are being pinched in by combined French, American, and British attacks.

The fighting is heavier on the west side of the salient in the middle where the Americans are having difficulty in maintaining contact with the enemy owing to the rapidity of his withdrawal.

There is bitter fighting in the towns of Grisolles and Bezu-St. Germain. Street fighting is in progress. Aviators report anti-aircraft guns firing at them from the forest of Epels, indicating the Germans are holding their guns there for a stand.

The Marne has been crossed at several places. The German artillery fire is becoming feebler hourly.

PARIS, July 22.—Allied forces are progressing everywhere on the Soissons-Rheims salient except on a small front north of Chateau-Thierry, where the Germans have slowed down the advance by a heavy rear guard action.

This enemy resistance on a front of seven miles, is designed to cover the retirement of heavy German forces.

The allied advance is continuing on the whole Soissons-Rheims salient varying in speed with the degree of German resistance.

The Germans apparently are concentrating their defense south of Soissons and north of Chateau-Thierry, to protect the west wing and center of their retirement. Elsewhere the enemy is depending mostly upon its artillery to stem the allied attacks—probably employing the guns in covering further withdrawals of men and supplies.

Admission by enemy prisoners that the retirement will continue to Fere-en-Tardenois means the Germans will attempt to make a stand along the Ourcq, 12 miles north of Chateau-Thierry.

PARIS, July 22.—The Germans have withdrawn through Epernay, La Liberte declared today.

Epernay is

# Teutons Retire From Dangerous Marne Salient

**BOCHE MAY SEEK TO STOP DRIVE OF ALLIES ON THE OURCQ**

FAIRMOS AMERICAN FLYERS IN ITALY



**ALLIES PURSUE FLEEING HUNS FAR ACROSS THE MARNE**

(CONTINUED FROM PAGE ONE)

dropped by us on different targets, including Courtrai and Lille railways, the Bruges docks, three large ammunition dumps and hostile billets on various parts of the front.

"Slightly more fighting took place on the previous day and fourteen enemy machines were brought down. Three other hostile machines were driven down out of control and three German observation balloons were destroyed. Seven of our airplanes are missing.

"As a result of photographic reconnaissance carried out on the twentieth instant, extensive damage is revealed at the hostile aerodrome at Morhange, attacked on the night of the 19th. One large shed and three hangars were destroyed."

**DESPERATE COUNTER ATTACKS ARE COMPLETELY REPULSED**

PARIS, July 11 (Noon).—Desperate German counter attacks on a five-mile front north of Chateau-Thierry, were completely repulsed, the war office announced today. Elsewhere on the front, the German resistance consisted only of artillery fire.

"North of the Ourcq and between the Marne and Rheims, especially in the Courton and Roi woods, the Germans simply employed artillery fire," the communiqué said.

"Between the Marne and the Ourcq, in the Grisolles and Bezou-St. Germain regions, German counter attacks were broken up."

(Bezou-St. Germain is four miles directly north of Chateau-Thierry. Grisolles is five miles northwest of Bezou-St. Germain.)

"On the whole front our positions were maintained."

**BRITISH GAIN MORE GROUND NORTH OF ALBERT**

LONDON, July 22.—British troops gained more ground yesterday south-east of Hebuterne, north of Albert, Field Marshal Haig reported today. "Further ground was made by our

**ASK FOR and GET Horlick's The Original Malted Milk For Infants and Invalids Substitutes Cost YOU SAME PRICE**

United States Food Administration, License No. G-29177.

**S. M. HILL CASH GROCER 6-STORES**

No. 1-401 East Fourth Street.  
No. 2-433 West Fourth Street.  
No. 3-213 West Fourth Street.  
No. 4-301 West Fourth Street.  
No. 5-Tustin.  
No. 6-Orange.

**M. J. B. Coffee**

1 lb. tin ..... 34c  
3 lb. tin ..... 94c  
5 lb. tin ..... \$1.53

**Chase & Sanborn's Coffee**

Vacuum packed 1 lb. tin ..... 40c  
3 lb. tin ..... 95c

Hills Bros. Red Can Coffee, 1 lb. tin ..... 37c

2½ lb. tin ..... 90c

Hills Bros. Blue Can Coffee, 1 lb. tin ..... 35c

3 lb. tin ..... 90c

Pleasant Coffee, 1 lb. tin ..... 80c

3 lb. tin ..... 80c

Power Coffee, 1 lb. cartoon ..... 23c

Bulk Coffee, every pound ..... 23c

**Guaranteed**

Blend 707, per lb. ..... 20c

Blend 702, per lb. ..... 23c

Blend 701, per lb. ..... 28c

Blend 700, per lb. ..... 33c

**Tree Tea**

Japan, ½ lb. pkg. ..... 24c

1 lb. pkg. ..... 48c

Tree Tea, English Breakfast and Gunpowder, ½ lb. pkg. ..... 28c

1 lb. pkg. ..... 55c

Lipton's Tea, Blend A, ¼ lb. ..... 19c

½ lb. ..... 37c

1 lb. ..... 73c

**Chase & Sanborn's Tea, English Breakfast, ½ lb. .... 30c**

**Chase & Sanborn's Tea, Japan, ½ lb. .... 37c**

Walter Baker's Cocoa, ½ lb. .... 22c

1 lb. ..... 42c

Guittard's Cocoa, ½ lb. .... 20c

1 lb. ..... 40c

Bishop's Cocoa, 1 lb. .... 22c

Ghirardelli's Ground Sweetened Chocolate, 1 lb. .... 27c

3 lbs. ..... 80c

5 lbs. ..... \$1.30

Rex Spices, 2 oz. pkgs. ..... 7c

**Calumet Baking Powder**

1 lb., 16c; 3 lbs., 40c; 5 lbs., 80c

K. C. Baking Powder, 10 oz.... 8c

15 oz. 12c; 25 oz. 18c

Rumford Baking Powder, 1 lb. 22c

3 lbs. 65c; 5 lbs., \$1.15

A. & H. Baking Soda, 1 lb. pkg. 6c

Vanilla and Lemon Extract, pure, 2 oz. bottle 22c; 4 oz. bottle, 42c

Taylor's Chicken Tamales, can 10c

Taylor's Beans and Chili, can 12c

Taylor's Beef Tamales, can 10c

Taylor's Spanish Beef Tamales, per can ..... 14c

Beech Nut Sliced Beef, 4 oz. ..... 26c

Jar ..... 45c

Beech Nut Sliced Bacon, 9 oz. ..... 45c

Jar ..... 45c

Children's hair bob, 25c. Mrs. Cora B. Cavins.

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# COLONEL CHOPS WOOD FOR THE DOUGHNUT GIRLS

Salvation Army Lassies Find Work Is Best Antidote For Homesickness

BY MISS GLADYS MCINTYRE  
(Written for the United Press)

WITH THE AMERICAN TROOPS  
AT THE FRONT, June 16. (By mail). One bright morning a few days ago just after we had awokened and before we had begun our work in the kitchen we heard some one chopping wood just back of the canteen. We were pleased, for we needed wood chopped, and it is always nice to have some doughboy volunteer to do it than to have to ask.

I told my sister it must be the homesick doughboy who had said the day before that chopping wood for us took him back to home and his mother. He said he felt better after chopping some wood. After a while we left our billet and went around to the kitchen. Who do you suppose was out there chopping the wood?

It was not the homesick doughboy, or any other doughboy, but the colonel of the regiment himself. We were too surprised to see him swinging the axe to know what to say, and almost forgot to thank him. He said he liked his new job, and accepted our invitation to have breakfast with us. But the doughboys all say he is encroaching on their rights when he chops wood for us.

#### The Homesick Soldier

The homesick doughboy was an interesting problem to us. He had received no mail for four months from home, and read in a paper one of his pals had received of the death of his sister. His father is not living either, and the poor boy could hardly keep from crying.

Of course we wanted to do something for him, but it is hard to help

#### Our Boys in France and Home Protection

The men on the firing line represent the pick of our American youth. One in four of our boys at home was sick rejected because of physical deficiency. Many times the kidneys were to blame.

If we wish to prevent old age coming too soon, or if we want to increase our chances for a long life, Dr. Pierce of the Surgical Institute, Buffalo, N.Y., says that you should drink plenty of water daily between meals. Then procure at your nearest drug store, Anuric (double strength). This "An-u-ric" drives the uric acid out and cures backache and rheumatism.

If we wish to keep our kidneys in the best condition a diet of milk and vegetables, with only little meat once a day, is the most suitable. Drink plenty of pure water, take Anuric three times a day for a month.

Send Dr. Pierce ten cents for trial package. "Anuric"—many times more potent than lithia, eliminates uric acid as hot water melts sugar. A short trial will convince you.

Mr. REECE JONES says: "Just a few lines in regard to Dr. Pierce's Anuric Tablets which I took for kidney trouble. I am glad to recommend them to everybody. I know that they are good or I would not recommend them. After taking a few bottles I saw that the swelling was going down so I continued their use."

"One old lady, 65 years old, to whom I have recommended Anuric says that it did her good, took the swelling out of her feet."

Dr. Pierce is shown from the chest up, wearing glasses and a suit, looking slightly to the right.

everyone like that, when you don't know them. We don't dare to show too much attention to anyone, no matter how much he needs it, because it wouldn't be fair to the others. So we just put the homesick doughboy to work. He did everything we suggested, cut wood, fixed benches, fried doughnuts, and by the end of the day he was whistling and singing. Work seems to be the best thing we can give them when they are homesick.

From time to time we have had boys near our canteen who were more help than the ordinary crowd. They usually were more faithful than others, and got to be our favorite workers—though we always tried to stick to our rule and never be partial.

But we can't let the boys make pies or doughnuts. They never would learn to do it right, though some of them can be trusted with dipping doughnuts, or putting the pies in the oven, and removing them, if we tell them when they are done. We divide the work among us. I always mix the doughnut dough and make the pies, and my sister manages the financial end of the canteen. That arrangement gives us both the work we like best.

We've just renewed the pie business, but not permanently, we fear. We had no even in this little village we are now in, and couldn't bake pies for a long time. But the boys' mouths watered for pie, and finally a Lieutenant found an old French stove in some ruins. We had to half bury it to strengthen it enough for use, but it works well enough to give the boys a taste of pie every week or so. Pie day always means a riot, so many boys want a slice.

W. S. S.

#### MANY GIRLS NEEDED TO FILL POSITIONS LEFT BY WAR NURSES

After several years of careful study and research work, Ethel Gillett Thorp is appearing in all the cities of California to give her most vital message on the child question and sex at Clune's Theater next Tuesday evening. Much is being done by earnest workers to solve the difficult problems which our nation is confronting today, and one of the most important of these problems has to do with the young American citizens. This is to be known as the century of the child, and the eighteen years that have passed have been hopeful ones. In the first decade, there has been the establishment of the juvenile court, which has been the medium through which many young boys and girls have been saved from a dark future; but even in the juvenile court there is much room for improvement, the development is slow but sure. The child labor laws, the passing of the newsie, help all to feel encouraged, but to offset the good things there remain all the slums, inadequate playgrounds, alcoholism, and a general lack of organization which makes follow-up work almost an impossibility. This is especially noticeable in the large cities, and Mrs. Thorp's work points out many cases which do not have to be, and should not exist.

One of the most important professions today is that of the public health nurse. There has been through the years of the new century a crying need for nurses. Now that we are at war, 40,000 nurses have been taken from the Child Welfare Department, and their places have to be filled. Not all young girls can expect to go to the front to nurse, and because they cannot, it should not prevent them from realizing their duty at home. Children need more attention than ever before, and the young girl can serve her country at home, and be a factor in the development of sturdy young men who are fit young fellows who will not return from France.

Mrs. Thorp treats the subject from every angle, and talks to her audience with so much candor, and with such an earnest appeal that she makes a vivid impression.

Names of Those Going

Following is the list of those leaving from Santa Ana:

Harry H. Brace, 1412 West Second; Lupe Bustillos, El Modena; Joe Townsend, care Beryl Wilson, Santa Monica; Noble E. Watson, 820 East Fourth; Emil C. Mueller, R. D. 1, Box 4, Orange; Carlos Dominguez, Yorba; Wayne C. Stewart, Box 15, Santa Ana; Geo. J. Bickel, Los Angeles; Clarence Parker, R. D. 6, Box 17; Albert M. Wiley (to be entrained from Seattle); Arthur W. Angle, 1402 West Third; Nazario Mendoza, Olive; Israel Weiner, Balboa Beach; Roy F. Ralls, 165 South Clark, Orange; Fred D. Robinson (to be entrained from Madison, Wis.); Leo C. Burke, Orange; Emil P. Garcia, Box 62, El Toro; William T. Whaley, 1418 Innes Place, Venice; Edmund R. Adkinson, 611 South Broadway; Manuel Castro, 1912 Pico Boulevard, Santa Monica; Grover C. Crow, 708 West First; Aubrey G. Lebard, R. D. 2, Box 85, Anaheim; Herman W. Bolinger, Newport Beach; Theodore G. Appel, 921 East Walnut, Orange; Antonio Polillo, 217 South Main; Alsa R. Morgan, 242 East Seventeenth St., San Pedro; Frank McBryde, 1418 Essex Street, Los Angeles; Lee F. Eckhart, 268 North Lemon, Orange; Neff S. McMillan, Newport Beach; Leslie N. Talmage, Tustin; Joe Allen, 511 East Second; Lawrence W. Eaton, Orange R. D.

Alternates

Frank Elliott, 1224 East Third; Paul Lopez, 1034 Custer; Harry J. Coon, Balboa; William H. Brush, Laguna Beach; William S. Leinberger, 519 East Fourth.

TWO COLORED MEN TO LEAVE HERE ON AUGUST 1

The local exemption board has received orders to send its two colored class 1 registrants to Camp Lewis, leaving here on August 1. The two men are William H. Warren, Newport Beach, and George A. Burton, Yorba. There are no other colored men in the district held for class 1 and full military service.

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Tanner was slightly cut. One wing of the machine was broken.

#### SEND-OFF FOR DRAFT MEN IS BIGGEST YET

Man Wounded In Attack Upon Manila Addresses Contingent at Luncheon

The biggest and most rousing send-off yet given a contingent of drafted men leaving Santa Ana for an army camp was given today to the thirty-three men who are starting this afternoon for Camp Lewis.

It is a lot of fine men who are going today, including a number of men well known in athletic life. There are ex-high school football players, ex-baseball players, and an all-around good bunch of men in the contingent.

Arthur W. Angle, baseball player, is captain, and his corporals are Lawrence W. Eaton, familiarly known to football fans as Si Eaton, Wayne C. Stewart and Lee T. Eckart. Raymond Adkinson, one of the best known distance runners on the Pacific Coast, is in the contingent.

Every man was on hand when roll call was started at the courthouse this morning at 9 o'clock. S. W. Nau, secretary of the exemption board, gave the men directions for the day.

At noon an excellent dinner was served for the drafted men at Elks' hall. The affair was in charge of some of the luncheon committees of the Red Cross Shop. Robert Wallace and Forrest Whitson, the committee largely responsible for the gathering, had arranged an excellent program of music. Mrs. Watry at the piano, Mrs. Mills, violin, and Mr. Mackey, cello, gave pleasing orchestral music. Several stirring songs were sung by the Elks' double quartet, with Mrs. Chapman at the piano, and solos by Mrs. Russell Coleman were deeply appreciated.

R. L. Bisby was toastmaster, and the first talk was made by Recruiting Officer Young of the U. S. Navy, who is a Santa Ana man now here recruiting. Each man was given a package of cigarettes, donated by the cigar and candy store merchants of the city.

Lew H. Wallace, who was shot through the lungs in the capture of Manila in '98 and who won a distinguished service discharge by reason of conduct performed under the eyes of General MacArthur and in a rain of Spanish bullets, addressed the drafted men and the citizens of the district.

"It is a great thing to come back and know that you have done your duty," said he. "The plan of raising an army is the best that could be devised. Just as it is now your turn to go, so I shall go when it comes my turn. The first thing you are to learn is obedience; the second thing, prompt obedience; the third thing, obedience at any and all times."

In closing Wallace quoted words written by a soldier dying in a hospital: "Let there be no mourning in spirit or in dress."

"Like a Liberty Bond, it is an investment, not a loss, when a man dies for his country."

Arthur Angle fittingly thanked the citizens of the district for the dinner and for the appreciation shown.

"We are going away to win," said he, "and we want to go."

This afternoon at 4 o'clock there gathered at the court house a crowd of citizens. An address was given by H. C. Head, and W. C. T. U. comfort bags were presented by Mrs. W. S. Rose. The men were escorted to the station by the Home Guards of Santa Ana and Orange and by the Santa Ana Elks' band.

In the contingent leaving today were three men for other districts. They are Guy A. Cox, sent for Shreveport, La.; Victor W. Wessell, for El Centro, Edgar E. Lang for Hebron, Neb.

Mrs. A. J. Padgham, of the state committee of the Women's Federation, announced that she was in need of bird cages and canaries, as well as phonograph records and sheet music to be sent to the cantonnants.

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Tanner was slightly cut. One wing of the machine was broken.

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## Santa Ana Daily Evening Register

PUBLISHED EVERY EVENING EXCEPT SUNDAY BY  
THE REGISTER PUBLISHING COMPANY

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T. E. STEPHENSON ————— Associate Editor  
H. T. DUCKETT ————— Business Manager

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### OUR BATTLE OF THE MARNE

Americans may now say with pride that we have fought our battle of the Marne. It was small compared with the great French stand that saved the world four years ago, but it was a battle of the same sort, fought in the same place and won with the same spirit.

July 15, 1918, will occupy a place in our history hereafter. On that day the Germans attacked our troops for the first time with great force, on a wide front, in a renewed effort to take Paris and the channel ports. It was our big test.

Our first news was disquieting. It told of overwhelming pressure of guns and men, and of forced retreat. It was the old story, so oft repeated in this year of trials, and always disheartening. We knew that a big push may be expected to gain several miles as a matter of course before it is stopped. We were sure that the Americans would not let the Huns through. But it was a critical moment. Those troops were new. How much would they endure?

Then came the incredible news that, after yielding ground for four miles, our boys had rallied and attacked the enemy with such fiery vigor that they drove him back, regaining every foot of lost ground, and sent him reeling across the Marne beyond his former lines, with the whole field strewn with his dead and wounded, and great numbers of Hun prisoners in the victors' hands.

It was the first time that the Germans had ever been hurled back thus on the first day of a big drive. We cannot expect to do as well as that every time. We must expect to lose sometimes, to retreat sometimes. But we cannot help regarding that great little battle of the Marne as typical of our army and prophetic of our future achievements.

It reminds us of the words of a British correspondent who, some weeks ago, observing the American lads at their new war game, spoke of their characteristic quality, "that fine temper which is the sword of the spirit." It is of Damascus steel, which may bend but never breaks. Yielding, it thrusts again, and wins.

### PATRIOTIC BILL-PAYING

The Associated Retail Credit Men of New York City are planning to distribute this notice among charge customers:

"At this time, when the United States government is doing its utmost to stamp out waste whenever waste exists, it should be one of the obligations of the shopping public to pay their bills promptly. By so doing men and women engaged in writing dunning letters and other collection work would be released for more important labor. The saving thus made would give the merchant an opportunity to invest it in Liberty Bonds or subscribe to the Red Cross.

"Unproductive effort must be eliminated. Therefore, it is the duty of every one to co-operate by the prompt payment of their bills. Why not begin now?"

The case might have been put still stronger. If it is wasteful from the merchant's standpoint to have bills running over their allotted time, it is just as bad for the consumer, because the needless expense saddled on the merchant is inevitably passed on to him, in higher prices for what he buys. It is bad for everybody, because slow payment of bills by any class of people, makes a weak link in the financial system, slowing up the circulation of money, making less available cash and limiting borrowing and lending power.

If everybody would pay his bills as promptly as possible, it would speed things up along the line, saving money, labor, time and worry, helping business in general and thereby helping to win the war.

### SHIPS FROM THE ORIENT

Contracts have been let by our government for the building of thirty steel cargo ships in Japanese yards, in addition to good-sized orders already placed. This is gratifying, but not particularly surprising. Here, however, is a fact that tends to open our eyes: It is announced at the same time that China has agreed to build 120,000 tons of steel ships for us, and is thoroughly prepared to carry out the contract.

The ships will be constructed in a big yard, controlled by the Chinese government, which has excellent facilities for the work. The United States will furnish the designs and a small part of the steel plates. All the other material will be provided by China, including the engines. The labor will be wholly Chinese. The first of the ships will probably be delivered within six months from the time the keel is laid.

Here is help from our oriental allies of a sort that really counts. And who would have expected it of China? That ancient country may have more surprises up her sleeve.

### PENNY PIECES

It was said, a year or two ago, that the humble penny was destined to go out of circulation. If there is any such tendency, it is not apparent in the coinage figures for the past twelve months.

During that time the United States mint has produced 714,000,000 new coins, of which 528,000,000 are one-cent pieces. This beats all records for the total coinage and also for the penny output.

The little old red cent looks smaller and humbler than ever, when you buy a cigar or pay for a pound of meat. For that very reason, perhaps, it is appreciated more than before. With prices so high, people don't like to waste even a copper counter whose value is about 40 per cent dearer nothing than it was two

years ago.

### Doing Great Work

Heroic work done by fifty American Y. M. C. A. war work secretaries with the Italian troops on the Italian front has raised the morale and fighting spirit of the men. Free hot soup, chocolate and tobacco have been distributed to the soldiers and the Y. M. C. A. workers have given aid to the wounded as well.

American aviators with the Italians are also being served and reports state that the "Y" men go into the trenches under constant shell fire. This bravery on their part has awakened a tremendous interest among the Italian troops. It has produced a new and wonderful spirit and the Italians are determined to crush the Austrians.

Information received through Y. M. C. A. secretaries with the Italians is to the effect that prisoners report that the Austrians are discouraged and anxious to quit. They are driven like cattle by officers who shoot those who mutter. They were astonished that large American forces were in Europe. Y. M. C. A. workers tell of American preparation and this news seeping into Austria is creating havoc with the morale of the enemy armies.

Several Y. M. C. A. secretaries have been decorated for bravery under fire.

Altogether the Y. M. C. A. is doing a great work in the fight against Germany.

### A Nation of Financiers

We stay-at-homes are attaining technical proficiency in the art of making war. At least we believe we are by reading the infinite details necessary to upper-cut the Boche.

Perhaps the government censorship lets us have only those methods that have been relegated to the scrap heap, but at any rate we are happy in thinking that we are up-to-date on the side-lines or the far-back-lines near the score board.

We know that before even a local raid can be carried out there must be aeroplane reconnaissance to get photographs showing the lay of the Hun trenches, locations of machine gun pill-boxes and supporting strength; picked troops are sent back of our own lines for careful rehearsing; the artillery practices its co-operation in laying down the barrage; and after a certain period of intensive preparation zero hour arrives.

But knowing this we sometimes forget the work of the engineers in making the roads over which the ammunition and equipment is brought forward, the telephone men who must keep the lines of communication open, the warehouse officials of the quartermaster's corps, the soldiers who unload the big supply ships after they have wriggled through the submarine zone, the officers and crew of the convoy and the people at this end of that line which meanders through France.

In financing the war we are given another technical education so that the poorest of us knows about billion dollar loans, sur-taxes, Thrift Stamps and certificates—for we have become money lenders to Uncle Sam. Now we are given a "close-up" of United States Certificates of Indebtedness which are for the public as well as the banks. A new issue is being offered every two weeks at 4½ per cent and absorbing these is as important to the success of the Fourth Liberty Loan as the advance preparation for a gigantic offensive.

### The Fighten' Dad

I used to think, when I thought at all,  
Success was a wad of money,  
Or a front-row seat in a senate hall,  
Or a King's crown—ain't it funny?  
But my eyes are open now, an', say,  
It's the gospel truth I'm writin',  
The one safe brand of success today  
Is to win the war we're fightin'.

We can save our gold, we can lay it by  
Like the hoardin's of the miser,  
But we'll never spend it, you an', I  
If we fail to trim the kaiser.  
My blood runs hot, and I feel it burn,  
An' my temper gets to squirm  
To think of handin' the dough I earn  
To a flat-faced, square-toed German.

I don't give a cuss for a holiday  
Or the old established hours;  
I've sold my watch, an' I work away  
To the limit of my powers.  
I'm the fightin' DAD of a fightin' son,  
An' here on the job I'm stickin'  
Till the things we're battlin' for are won,  
An' we've handed Bill his lickin'.

En Route Home.  
\*\*\* We started home—This morning—Because Aunt Hannah—Said she wouldn't—Stay in San Francisco—if someone gave her the town—

\*\*\* And she said—She was tired—Of dodging automobiles—And street cars—And everything—

\*\*\* And she said—She didn't think—People were sociable—And on friendly terms—Like they are at home—

\*\*\* And I asked her—Had anybody mistreated her—And she said—They hadn't exactly—Mistreated her—They hadn't treated her at all—

\*\*\* And she said—Her cousin, Mrs. Waldo Hummer—Seemed to be—Away from home—Most of the time—To club meetings—And parties—

\*\*\* And when she—Would come home—She would treat her—Like a guest—And she didn't—Want to be treated—Like a guest—She wanted to be—Treated like a relative—

\*\*\* And she said—The other evening—Millie's beau—Came to see her—And he was—A nice looking fellow—

\*\*\* And she thought—She would be sociable—And entertain him—While Millie was—Up stairs dressing—

\*\*\* And she said—She asked him—Why hadn't he—Enlisted and gone to war—And he got—As red as a beet—

\*\*\* And she asked him—Did he have—Good prospects in life—And did he think—He would be able—to keep a family—

\*\*\* And she said—He looked confused—And changed the subject—And wouldn't talk about it—

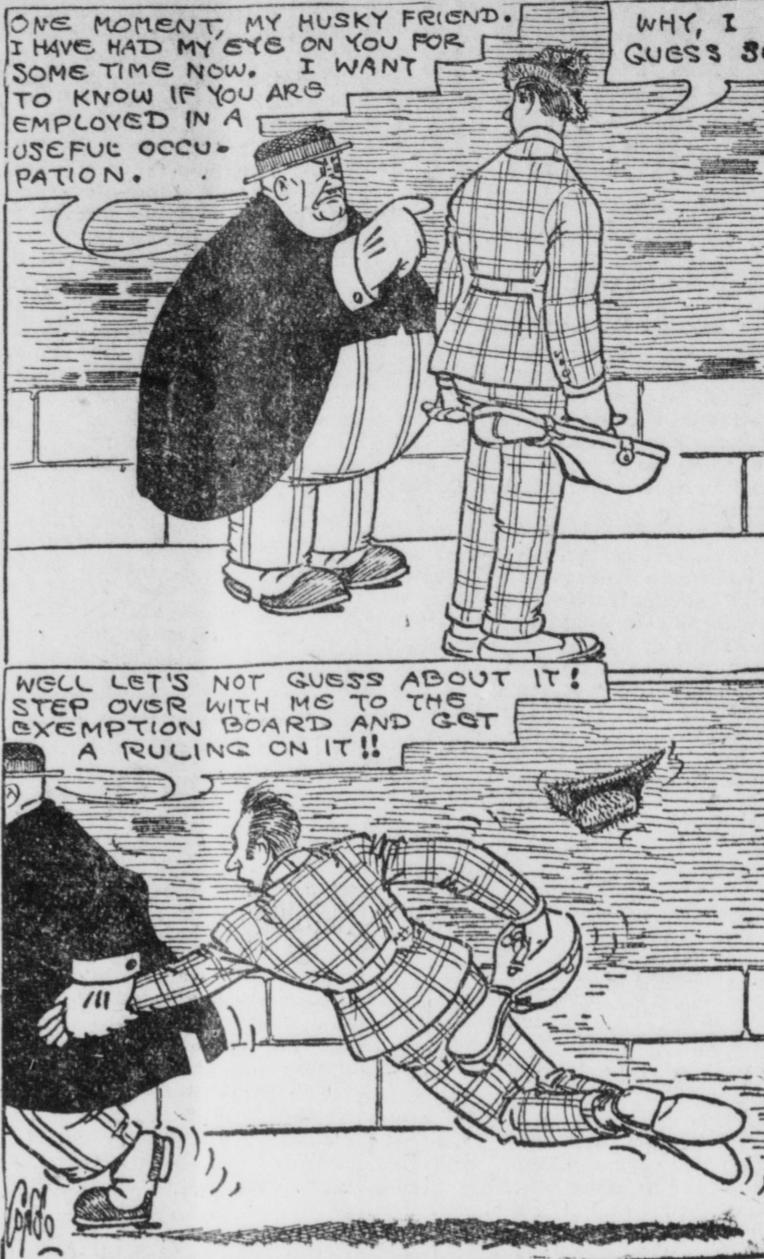
\*\*\* And she asked him—Did he have a job—Or was someone—Keeping him—And he said—He had a position—In a bank—

\*\*\* And she said—Next morning Millie told her—She had hurt his feelings—And she couldn't see—Why

she had given him a hard time.

Bud Flivver's Observations

### OUTBURSTS OF EVERETT TRUE



### THEN AND NOW

July 22, 1917  
Twenty German airplanes attempt attack on London, but are driven back before reaching the city. They kill 11 persons at Harwich and Felixstowe.  
Siamese declares war on Germany and Austria.  
July 22, 1916  
Russians chase Germans at North Galician frontier.  
Berlin announces the Franco-British offensive has been stopped.  
July 22, 1915  
Russians make stand at Fortress of Ivanograd, near Warsaw.  
Italians press attacks along the Isonzo.  
July 22, 1914  
Austria demands separation of Serbia for killing of Archduke Ferdinand and declares Serbia's immediate reply unsatisfactory.  
W. S. S.  
As a fair illustration of the rabbit pest in certain portions of New Zealand, and especially in the drier sections of the south island, it is stated that on an estate lately taken over by the New Zealand government, comprising 12,446 acres of freehold and a pastoral run of 19,250 acres, there were killed or captured about 120,000 rabbits in order to clear up the property so as to make it suitable for the location of returned soldiers.

W. S. S.  
Jack Willey has removed to the new Diamond building, Fifth street at Birch. New telephone Nos. Pacific 600, Home 4123.

W. S. S.  
Brushes! Brushes! Mrs. Cheney, 1265 W.

ORDER TO SHOW CAUSE WHY APPLICATION FOR CHANGE OF NAME SHOULD NOT BE GRANTED.

W. S. S.  
In the Superior Court of the State of California, in and for the County of Orange, on the 22nd instant, for the application for the change of name of Harry Branner, having this day filed his petition for changing his name to that of Max Green, it is hereby ordered that all persons interested in said matter appear before the Superior Court at Department 2 thereof on the 3rd day of August, 1918, at 10 o'clock of said date to show cause why the application for change of name should not be granted.

It is further ordered that this order be published for four consecutive weeks in the Santa Ana Daily Evening Register prior to said hearing.

Dated this 24th day of June, 1918.  
W. H. THOMAS,  
Judge of the Superior Court.

W. S. S.

W. N. CARTER  
Candidate for Constable, Santa Ana Township

H. A. WASSUM  
Candidate for Supervisor, Fifth District

JOHN B. COX  
Candidate for Justice of Peace, Santa Ana Twp.

FRANK W. HEARD  
Candidate for Constable, Santa Ana Township

H. W. SMITH  
Candidate for Justice of Peace, Tustin Township

JESSE L. ELLIOTT  
Candidate for Constable, Santa Ana Township

J. C. JOPLIN  
Candidate for County Treasurer

CAL D. LESTER  
Candidate for County Treasurer

LOGAN JACKSON  
of Orange, Cal.  
Candidate for Sheriff

J. H. WHITAKER  
of Anaheim  
Candidate for Auditor

WM. C. JEROME  
Candidate for County Auditor

JOSEPH P. SMITH  
of Santa Ana  
Candidate for County Clerk

R. P. MITCHELL  
Candidate for County Superintendent of Schools

SAM JERNIGAN  
of Santa Ana  
Candidate for Sheriff

B. F. BESWICK  
Candidate for County Superintendent of Schools

NO ADVANCE IN PRICES!

ALSO  
HIPPODROME VAUDEVILLE

BY ELAINE STERRE

All the mystery, plot, romance and excitement required to make you sit tight in your seat

GOLDWYN PRESENTS

MABEL NORMAND in THE FLOOR BELOW

CLUNE'S THEATER

Ethel Gillett Thorp

Foremost Lecturer, in

Our Children

How the War Affects Them

TUESDAY EVENING, 8:15

Admission 50c.

### Home Economics

By Charlotte P. Ebbets in Official Food Bulletin.

#### USE OF CORN SYRUP IN PRESERVING

Just how best to use corn syrup in preserving and jelly-making is a question frequently asked. Herein is the reason for its use as well as the best way to use it—always in combination with sugar.

Its use makes the product, whether preserves, jelly, marmalade or old-fashioned jam, much finer and smoother in texture, of far fruitier and richer flavor, as well as serving to prevent the hardening of the fruit and crystallization of the sugar. In other words, corn syrup gives a better product without keeping qualities.

Here, then, is a distinct addition to our preserving methods. It has been practiced in Great Britain for many years, and England and Scotland produce the finest preserves, use large quantities, and serve them in many ways.

The secret of their success lies in the blending of corn syrup with sugar equal weight of each is used—to make up a ¼ syrup.

#### RULES FOR MAKING JAMS, JELLIES OR MARMALADES

- Observe the strictest cleanliness.
- Use fresh, ripe and dry fruit, a bit under ripe is preferable.
- Allow generally ¾ pound of sweetening to each pound of fruit.
- Have a steady, but bright fire. Boil continuously and fast, and skim and stir frequently.
- Do not fill the preserving kettle too full.
- A good test to ascertain if it is cooked sufficiently is to allow some juice to drop from the spoon, and when it sheets off—or sets—it is cooked enough.

## SOCIETY

*Mrs. Olive Lopez, Ed.*DOINGS OF CLUBS  
PERSONALSIMPORTANT MEETING  
Dr. Emanuel Jack, State Director of Americanization to SpeakCHILDREN'S PARTY  
Harriet Jewel Fletcher Hostess For Visitors From Washington, D. C.

A delightful party was given Saturday afternoon by little Harriet Jewel Fletcher at her home, 417 West Walnut, for her friend, Ruth Jane Culbertson, who moves soon to Pasadena, and her cousins, Junia and Janie Culbertson, of Washington, D. C.

Merry games were played at the home and at Birch Park, then refreshments were served around a table prettily decorated with ferns and American flags.

Besides the guests of honor, the little people who enjoyed the party were Georgia Belle Walton, Marjorie Lou Walton, Corinne Blackburn, Elbert Evans and Kenneth Lamb.

—O—  
Don't Forget the Day Nursery

In these days of generous giving, it is well to remember that there are needs here at home, and just a little bit of giving by a number of people results in a big lot of receiving at the other end of the line. The Day Nursery is going on with its quiet but necessary work as earnestly as ever this summer, and perhaps the need for it is greater than ever before, for there are so many ways for women to work this summer, and the need for a safe place for their babies was never so keenly felt.

The most important call just at present is for some fruit and jam, and if every kindly-disposed housewife, in doing up a morning's canning or "jamming," will set aside a can for the little chaps at the Day Nursery, it will be most gratefully received. Every morning and every afternoon the children are given a lunch of bread and butter or bread and jam—and needless to say bread and jam is the most popular. There are plenty of empty jars at the Nursery which Mrs. Jones will gladly exchange for the full jars.

Children's clothing is always an acceptable gift at the Day Nursery, too.

## —O—

## News From Soldier Sons

Mr. and Mrs. J. T. Tidball yesterday received word that their son, Charles T. Tidball, has received his commission as second lieutenant at Camp Hancock, Augusta, Ga., Lieutenant Tidball is in the Ordnance Reserve Corps and has been ordered to Hoboken, N. J., the first stage of his journey overseas.

Sergeant Glenn Tidball, of Camp Kearny, was a visitor here yesterday at the home of his parents.

Wm. P. White  
Cash Grocer

817 West Fourth St.

Special  
for  
SaturdayCalumet Baking Powder,  
per lb. . . . . 15cExtra Fancy Sweet Corn,  
1 doz. 23c; 2 doz. 45c

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of your eyes, and glasses to overcome the refractive error, means perfect service to you.

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Take your timepiece to a specialist.**MEL SMITH**  
301 North Main.
**FOR CAMPING**  
YOU WILL WANT TO TAKE ADVANTAGE OF  
Our Low Priced High Grade Coffees.

We have a full line of picnic and luncheon supplies and delicacies, paper plates, napkins, etc. Come in and see us.

**D. L. Anderson Company**  
GROCERIES, CHINA AND SILVERWARE.  
PROMPT AND FREE DELIVERY.

\*\*\*\*\*  
GOD'S VETERANS  
\*\*\*\*\*  
Above the hillside where these calm battalions sleep, lulled by the light wind's wordless threnody, the sentinel stars on heav'n's high parapet still keep. Their ancient vigil uncomplainingly—  
So long ago for these the march, the charge, the slow and stubborn siege; so long ago, So long ago!

When come the eager children forth with flags and flowers, And we with tremulous tones and reverent bows Tell the Grand Army's deeds— Their flag, their faith are ours, Triumphant evermore! — we need not vow; For they will know, o'er whose low graves the grasses grow, Green thoughts of God—for they will know, Will surely know!

—Edward N. Teall.  
W. S. S.

## PAST MASTERS' PICNIC

Huge Gathering on Saturday at Orange County Park

The Southern California Past Masters' Association held a most enjoyable picnic in Orange County Park on Saturday. Over 300 happy picnickers were present, from all over Southern California, and no efforts were spared to make the day a particularly delightful one. The boats, ponies and burros at the park were chartered for the afternoon and indoor baseball, many other games, races, and all manner of athletic sports were on the afternoon's program.

The bountiful supper was spread on the long tables under the beautiful trees, and the many delicious viands were greatly enjoyed. Seven roast-hams, two whole roasted sheep, 100 pounds of Spanish beans and gallons upon gallons of salad were among the appetizing items on the bill of fare.

Arrangements for the picnic were in charge of the Orange County Past Masters, and they achieved an enviable reputation as entertainers.

After-dinner speakers were Judge William Rhodes Hervey and Judge Benjamin F. Bledsoe of Los Angeles, both of whom gave inspiring talks.

An orchestra from Los Angeles furnished music for the dancers who found the pavilion a delightful spot. Hundreds of Japanese lanterns made the picnic grounds look like a corner of fairyland all the evening.

In a quiet nook of the woods, previously selected, and also lighted by Japanese lanterns, five new members were initiated into the Past Masters' organization. The initiation ceremonies were in charge of Mr. Mitchell of Los Angeles, president of the Southern California association, assisted by Judge Hervey. The candidates were H. H. Reeves of Santa Ana, Logan Jackson of Orange, S. D. Winters and A. S. Fagin of Buena Park and C. R. Allen of Fullerton.

Tustin Red Cross Booth  
The Red Cross booth of the Tustin branch is doing a thriving business, and so many requests come to the workers at the booth for fresh fruit for canning, that they would be very glad to have any sort of donations in that line.

—O—  
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W. S. S.

Fletcher Music Method, Nell Isaacson, 1014 French St. Pacific 1455.



Carefully made glasses are a defense to weak eyes. They ward off headaches and indistinct vision. They supply what is lacking, make a combination which forms a perfect eye. For your eyesight, see

**DR. K. A. LOERCH**  
OPTOMETRIST.  
Phone Pac. 194. 116 E. Fourth St.
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Phones: A 2426; Main 8146  
Los Angeles, Cal.We specialize on watch and clock repairing.  
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FOR CAMPING

YOU WILL WANT TO TAKE ADVANTAGE OF  
Our Low Priced High Grade Coffees.

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**D. L. Anderson Company**  
GROCERIES, CHINA AND SILVERWARE.  
PROMPT AND FREE DELIVERY.DOINGS OF CLUBS  
PERSONALSIMPORTANT MEETING  
Dr. Emanuel Jack, State Director of Americanization to Speak

Tomorrow afternoon at 2:30 at the headquarters of the Women's Committee of the Council of Defense at 623 North Main street, Dr. Emanuel J. Jack will address a joint meeting of the Men's Committee and the Women's Committee of the County Council. Dr. Jack is the state director of the Bureau of Americanization, and everyone who is interested in this interesting and important phase of war work is cordially invited to attend the meeting.

—O—

Long Automobile Trip  
Mr. and Mrs. H. R. Boyd of 920 Fairview, leave today by auto for Fayetteville, Ark. They have their Ford equipped for camping, and expect to make about a four-months' trip, taking a route through Texas and Oklahoma and visiting relatives on the way.

—O—

Junior Red Cross Notes

The Intermediate Junior Red Cross had more people than they could keep busy last Tuesday, but for tomorrow they have planned much extra work and can use all who came last time and as many more. Those present were Mesdames Chas. Baird, W. A. Patten, Stella Menges, E. Cochems, Earl D. Smith, Van Doren, Mac Robbins, J. D. Garnett, R. B. Newcom; Misses Thacker, Helen Menges, Jean Wilson, Katherine Van Doren, Adeline Cochems, Gladys Smith, Gertrude Smith, Miriam Baird; Russell Patterson, Sylvan Karp.

The Lincoln Junior Red Cross meets on Thursday and Mrs. Nord wants full attendance. These ladies are making layettes and wish to cut more at that time.

—O—

Roosevelt School Junior Red Cross

The Roosevelt School Junior Red Cross will meet tomorrow at 1:30 p.m. There is new material to work on and a large attendance of sewers is hoped for.

—O—

House Party at Laguna

Misses Rosa Boyd, Katherine Edwards and Mrs. Alice Harris returned Sunday evening from a visit of several days at Laguna Beach with Mr. and Mrs. James S. Rice at their cottage, the Coral Inn. Mr. and Mrs. Rice remained at the beach.

—O—

Garden Grove Red Cross

The Garden Grove Red Cross is planning for a big street carnival to be put on about the middle of August. On Wednesday evening at 9 o'clock at the Garden Grove Red Cross Shop there will be a meeting of the business men's committee of the Garden Grove Chamber of Commerce, the Red Cross Carnival committee and the Japanese committee.

—O—

AFTER AN OPERATION

Oho Man Tells How to Gain Strength  
East Liverpool, Ohio.—"After an operation, I was weak, run-down, and slow to recuperate—I was advised to take Vinol, and the results were wonderful, I have a good appetite and sleep fine. I am always glad to tell anyone what Vinol has done for me," said George Weiser.

There is no secret about Vinol—it owes its success in such cases to beef and cod liver peptones, iron and manganese peptones and glycerophosphates, the oldest and most famous body building and strength creating tonics, Rowley Drug Co. and druggists everywhere.—Adv.

—W. S. S.

LAST SAD RITES SAID SAT. FOR MRS. SCOTT

The funeral services for Mrs. Marie Scott was held at 2 p. m., Saturday, July 20, at the chapel of Smith & Tuthill, Rev. W. A. Heugh, whom she had known since his boyhood days, officiating. Her own pastor, Rev. J. A. Stevenson, was not able to be present at the service but his brother, Rev. T. E. Stevenson, assisted.

Miss Leila Ritner, an intimate friend, very sweetly and appropriately sang "How Firm a Foundation" and "Asleep in Jesus."

During her 13 years' life in Santa Ana Mrs. Scott had formed many very close friendships. This was shown by the kind sympathy, which was hers during her short illness, and by the beautiful flowers by which she was surrounded when she lay at rest.

Mrs. Scott quietly passed away at the home of her daughter, Mrs. E. M. Smiley, the night of July 18, within two hours of the date of her 91st birthday.

Besides Mrs. Smiley, Mrs. Scott leaves three other children, Mrs. Emma Rendebush of Santa Ana, Rev. W. T. Scott of Salem, Ore., and Chas. R. Scott of Lindsay, Cal.

Burial was made at Tulare, Cal., beside her husband, who died in 1904.

—W. S. S.

Masonic Benefit Banquet Tuesday, July 23, 6:30 p. m. Tickets \$1.00, proceeds benefit Masonic war fund, fine program to follow. Grand Master Harvey will be present. All Masons invited.

—W. S. S.

W. W. CLEVENGER, Master.

John Wesley Hancock, Optometrist, near P. O., holds record of highest grades ever made in California.

—W. S. S.

Switches made from comings, \$1 each. Mrs. Cora B. Cavins.

—W. S. S.

Osteopathy and medicine. C. V. Billingsley, M. D., D. O. Both phones.

—W. S. S.

Lemonine Pack

Cleanses, clears and beautifies the skin of all discolorations such as tan, sunburn, freckles, moth patches, etc.

It can be used at home or you can have a treatment for only 50¢.

Mrs. Cora B. Cavins.



## NEWS IN BRIEF FORM

Dr. and Mrs. H. S. Gordon have returned from a ten-days' stay at their ranch at Nuevo, where they have thirty acres planted to apricots. This is the first year's crop and the doctor is proud of the record made. The fruit made five tons and was sold to the Riverside cannery, the manager of which said they were the best 'cots he had ever canned. They were all of such good size that they did not have to be put through the grader.

\* \* \*

About 144 Masons, members of Orange, Santa Ana, Fullerton, Buena Park, and Yorba Linda lodges, were present and assisted the Anaheim lodge of Masons Friday night in conferring the third degree of masonry upon Oscar Vernon Spainhauser and Joe Wagner. About midnight eighty or ninety retired to the banquet room, where ice cream and cake were served in large quantities.

\* \* \*

Deputy Sheriff J. R. Fowler has received another letter from his son, J. Herbert Fowler, in France, in which the writer comments upon the fact that so many streets in Paris and other French cities he has seen are narrow and winding.

\* \* \*

"I saw a large truck load of wool yesterday going to the depot consigned to the Mission Woolen Mills at Santa Ana," writes Sid Smithwick, former policeman here, now a federal guard for the Holt Manufacturing Company at Stockton, in which plant 2500 men are employed.

\* \* \*

The directors of the Fullerton Board of Trade at their noon meeting and luncheon Saturday appointed a victory committee for the purpose of celebrating the news of victories for France. The committee has L. P. Drake as chairman and W. T. Aitken and L. O. Culp as the other members.

\* \* \*

Fred Manske, aged 84 years, passed away Saturday morning at the home of his daughter, Mrs. P. Frahm, at Anaheim after an illness extending over a period of eleven weeks. Mr. Manske had lived in Anaheim five years, coming from Milwaukee, Wis. He leaves two sons, Herman and Gus Manske, and two daughters, Mrs. P. Frahm of Anaheim, and Mrs. Wm. Vickahr of Milwaukee, Wis., also a daughter-in-law, Mrs. Ida Manske of Milwaukee.

\* \* \*

George Wetherly, who lives two miles east of Anaheim, is in a Santa Monica hospital suffering from painful cuts and bruises sustained Tuesday when the automobile in which he was riding was forced into a telephone pole near Santa Monica to avoid crashing into another machine.

\* \* \*

James Corbett, 11-year-old son of Mrs. Chastie M. Corbett of 402 Fruit street, broke two bones of his right arm yesterday afternoon while cranking the family automobile in front of the Orland. The lad was taken to the Santa Ana hospital, where he was resting comfortably today.

\* \* \*

Lieutenant Frank L. Worden of Santa Ana, now with the Tenth Battalion, 166th Depot Brigade, Camp Lewis, has recently been transferred from Vancouver Barracks back to Camp Lewis. "The boys from Orange county are nearly all gone," writes him. "Some are over there. We are working hard these days and when night comes the old bunk feels pretty good. Mrs. Worden and the boys will be here in a few days from Vancouver."

\* \* \*

Sam Jernigan, who is one of the candidates for sheriff at the coming election, today received a picture anonymously from a Santa Ana friend, who has been at Holloman's Camp, in Bear Valley. The picture shows one of the big pine trees adorned with a campaign picture of the genial city marshal.

\* \* \*

Leon Shadel of Orange, who was run down and seriously injured by an automobile several days ago, continues to show slight improvement.

\* \* \*

The Orange County Osteopathic Association met Thursday at the office of Dr. Leon Patrick in Orange. Dr. Charles H. Spencer, recently elected president of the State Osteopathic Society, addressed the members on the situation at Washington regarding efforts of the osteopaths to receive the same recognition accorded the medical society in entering military service. Legislative proceedings are being advocated to place the osteopaths on

# Review of the World War by United Press

## FRENCH VALOR WON HIGHEST COMMAND OF ALLY ARMIES

In Fourth Year of War Bravery and Steadfastness Is Everywhere Recognized

BY HENRY WOOD

(United Press Correspondent)  
(Copyright, 1918, by the United Press)  
WITH THE FRENCH ARMIES  
AFIELD, July 1. (By mail.)—The fourth year of the Great War must irrevocably pass down in history as the year in which the genius of the French race, rising to new heights in the vigor and virility of its armies and in the soundness and brilliancy of its generals, was conceded through the sheer force of superiority alone the recognized military leadership of the Allied nations.

The fourth year of the Great War must always be marked by the fact that France, sending her armies to fight on the Macedonian and Italian fronts, bearing the great shocks and filling up the breaches and gaps on her own front, and sending scores of her best generals and thousands of her best officers to all parts of the world to impart her military science to all of the Allied nations, assumed at last the dominating, controlling role in the direction of the world's struggle for humanity and civilization that could only be assumed by and conceded to the nation showing the greatest genius, the greatest fitness and the greatest superiority.

This triumph was all the more remarkable in that it came at the moment when France was generally conceded and believed to be at her lowest extremes. It constituted in fact the rising of Phoenix from her ashes almost without parallel in the world's history.

### Effort in Great Crisis

But remarkable as this was, it was even more important in the fact that not only was France able to do this at a moment when her own fortunes were lowest, but at a moment when the fortunes of the entire Allied cause through the Russian catastrophe, the Italian misfortune and the Roumanian tragedy had reached their lowest ebb, and where the moment called for someone or something to step in and stem the tide.

France, after three years of warfare in which she had suffered losses exceeding those of any other Allied belligerent and in which she had made sacrifices out of proportion to her resources, apparently had very little left to offer in this emergency.

What little she had, however, she offered freely and backed it up with the fullest genius and generosity of her race that rose to new heights in this great year of appalling crises, she filled every breach that was made in the Allies' fortunes and tided over the situation to the present hopeful prospect, which with its unity of military command and America's contribution beginning to measure up to her fullest possibilities, is now opening ahead.

### At Year's Beginning

When the fourth year of the Great War opened, Aug. 1, 1917, France and her Allies were already in the throes

## IT STOPPED MY SUFFERING

Said Mrs. Jaynes, Speaking of Lydia E. Pinkham's Vegetable Compound.



## Do You Carry Enough Insurance?

Values of buildings—both houses and business blocks—and contents—both furniture and mercantile stocks—are higher than in years. Have you increased your fire insurance accordingly?

O. M. Robbins & Son INSURANCE.

of the various catastrophes and crises with which the year was replete. The Russian revolution had already reached a point where the Allies were forced to realize that they must count upon the complete elimination of Russia as a military factor—the elimination in fact of what for three years had been their greatest hope.

Largely as a result of this Russian defection, the Allies' big military plans for 1917 had only reaped a very partial success and the French armies especially had unquestionably received a severe blow to their morale by the calling off of the April offensive on which not only the army but the entire French nation had pinned hopes which up until that time they had never dared even to entertain.

Yet so quickly did the genius of the French race respond to the critical situation thus created, to the period of crisis already opening for the entire fourth year of the war, that on August 1, the very opening date of this fourth year, a French army was ready to co-operate with the British armies for a general offensive in Flanders. This battle lasted for several months and throughout its duration the French army fighting on the English extreme left won the unstinted praise of the English High Command which openly declared that not only did the French army throughout the entire battle conquer its objectives in every attack, but in almost every case exceeded them, and from the very first day of the battle to the last, kept their line far ahead that the English were never obliged to wait for the French to straighten up their line with them.

### Advance at Verdun

While this battle was still in progress the French high command prepared and staged another great attack at Verdun on both sides of the Meuse, which launched on August 20, finally carried the French lines at practically every point back to what they were before the launching of the Crown Prince's great suicidal attack of February, 1916.

With this victory achieved but with severe fighting still going on day and night along the entire Verdun front in an effort on the part of the Germans to get back some of their lost positions, the French command prepared and staged still another equally important and brilliant affair.

Heavy blows have been borne by the Allies in this fourth year of the war: the collapse of Russia; the driving back of the Italian army to the Venetian plains; the loss of the initiative on the western front. Cumulative in their effect, these blows might well have cracked and crumbled bolder material. But what has been the result?

From the Russian debacle grew the supreme war council. Out of the Italian reverse came a very practical application of the principle of co-ordinated effort so aptly illustrated in the recent Austrian defeat. From beneath Ludendorff's gigantic hammer-blows of March 21 emerged Foch, generalissimo! And amid the din of succeeding blows was heard the voice of Pershing, speaking by order of President Wilson: "America will be proud to take part in the greatest battle of history. All we have is yours. Disposse of us as you wish."

Interpreting the Lloyd-Georgian metaphor in its wider sense—he was referring especially to the British nation—the hammerings of 1917-1918 have assuredly hardened and consolidated the Entente. As the armies of the West have been welded and annealed under the terrific pounding of a numerically superior enemy, so has the popular will-to-victory become strengthened and toughened.

### To Aid of Italy

With this military effort and these victories to her credit no one would have denied to France the right to rest on her laurels for the remainder of the year. But precisely at that moment, the Austro-German offensive against Italy met with its unexpected success and without stopping for a single instant to consult her own interests or her own risks in the case, France, within twenty-four hours, had one of her finest armies en route for Italy.

There, on almost the last day of the year, the French expeditionary corps won another glorious victory in its famous attack on Monte Toma, in which only 1,000 Alpine chasseurs not only captured the summit of the mountain but inflicted on the Austrians losses exceeding twice the number of French infantrymen engaged. Over 1,500 Austrians were taken prisoners by the French Chasseurs while over 500 Austrian dead were counted on the field of battle.

Already as a result of this remarkable military effort, France was beginning, almost unconsciously as it were, to receive the acknowledgement of her military leadership of the Allies. In the Allied war councils both at Rapallo and Versailles that followed the Italian disaster and its re-establishment, French generals and military leaders were given an ever increasing recognition of leadership.

**Germans Plunge**  
Then after nearly three months of waiting came the great German offensive of March 21. The attack was made against the British line a short distance above its junction with the French front. A gap was made in the line and without question the Allies faced the most critical and the most crucial moment since the battle of the Marne. But again French military genius on the part of France's generals and French abnegation and heroism on the part of the French soldiers enabled France to fill the breach.

But France had done more than fill the breach. She had won recognition of leadership and superiority that could no longer be denied and at last the supreme command of all the Allied armies on the western front passed to a French general and French staff.

But this recognition of French military genius was not confined to the high command alone. It was extended to the humble "pouli" as well. His endurance, his patience, his vigor, his virility, his heroism and above all his "esprit de corps" were things that must also be recognized for the good of the Allied cause.

French units therefore passed to portions of the front where their admirable qualities might serve as inspiration to Americans, Tommies, Belgians and Portuguese, while units from all these armies passed likewise into French sectors of the front where they might benefit even more quickly by contact with France's pouli.

Thus, with the opening of the fifth year of the Great War, the western front presents what is in reality one great army under one great French command in which the French "pouli" is intermingled as leavening for the entire mass that must rise and attain victory for the Allied cause.

W. S. S.  
Dr. Hancock wants hard cases.

## ORE OF BRITAIN IS HARDENED IN THE CRUCIBLE OF WAR

England Entirely Free From Industrial Disputes; Lloyd George Successful

BY ED L. KEEN

(United Press Staff Correspondent)

(Copyright, 1918, by the United Press)

LONDON, July 1.—You will find my text in the gospel of war according to Lloyd-George, 147th speech, 11th paragraph, 8th sentence:

"Hammer-blows crack and crumble poor material; hammer-blows harden and consolidate good metal."

Epigrams are often misleading. Metaphors, even when coined by British statesmen, do not always stand close analysis. But the Prime Minister of England never uttered a truer,

nor an apter, phrase.

Lloyd-George is somewhat of a connoisseur in hammer work. Not only has he done a good deal of it himself in the course of his turbulent career, but he frequently has played the less agreeable role of anvil. His experience of the subject runs all the way from the tack-hammer blows of Ramsay McDonald and Philip Snowden to the trip-hammer blows of Ludendorff and Hindenburg. So, any observation he may make as to the effects of hammering when applied to certain kinds of material, is worthy of thoughtful consideration.

**Many Heavy Blows**

With this victory achieved but with severe fighting still going on day and night along the entire Verdun front in an effort on the part of the Germans to get back some of their lost positions, the French command prepared and staged still another equally important and brilliant affair.

Heavy blows have been borne by the Allies in this fourth year of the war: the collapse of Russia; the driving back of the Italian army to the Venetian plains; the loss of the initiative on the western front. Cumulative in their effect, these blows might well have cracked and crumbled bolder material. But what has been the result?

Under the ever-increasing pressure of war's demands, the loyalty of labor, like that of other elements of British life, has been hardened and consolidated in the last year. As this is being written comes the authoritative announcement that England is now entirely free from industrial disputes. While Ludendorff is endeavoring to hammer his way through to Paris and the channel ports, the workmen and workwomen of Great Britain, in the shipyards and countless munition factories, are doing their best to hammer the way to victory.

In the further language of England's great apostle of optimism:

"There is good ore in British hearts. It has stood the test of centuries. It will stand this."

W. S. S.

### Real Estate Transfers

Furnished by the Orange County Title Company

July 18, 1918—Deeds

Fairhaven Cemetery Association to Edward N. Cook—Lot 85, lawn R, Fairhaven Cemetery.

Orville S. Waters to Ina T. Page—Lots 23 and 24, block 23, Fullerton.

Lester M. Keever et ux—Southwesterly half of southeasterly half of southeasterly half of lot 36, block 11, Irvine's subdivision.

Charles H. Hamburg et ux to Ralph M. Hamburg—Part of lot 2, block 8, Yorba Linda tract.

R. Lee Wilson et ux to Lillie W. Forester—Part of northeast quarter, section 8-4-10.

### Miscellaneous

Agreement: Modjeska Ranch Company to Alice L. Rankin—Agreement to convey part of lots 8 and 9, Rancho Canada de los Alisos.

Attachment: Hyman Pearlman vs. M. Lipinner et al, in superior court of Los Angeles county—Lots 17 and 19, block 610, Huntington Beach. Demand, \$350, interest and cost.

Declaration of Homestead: Pauline Valdez—Lot 2, block 6, Blee's addition.

Mechanic's Lien: Frank Carpenter et al vs Frances Ortega et al—Lot 12, block 231, Lake tract, Newport Beach. Demand, \$27.20.

July 19, 1918—Deeds

E. N. Dunbar et ux to George Koenig et ux—Lot 16, La Habra Homes tract.

J. F. Cunningham to Fred F. Cain et ux—Lot 10, block 2, Pacific View tract.

Bayside Land Company to Ira Q. Adams—Lot 32, block 211, Bay View tract.

Ira Q. Adams et ux to Eva May Adams—Same as above.

William H. Moore, Jr., trustee, to Murietta E. Morris—160 acres in section 28-6-6.

Gertrude M. Hopkins to Thomas H. Hopkins—Undivided one-half interest in SE 1/4 NW 1/4 SW 1/4 section 12-4-10.

Edward Kelly to Mary Kelly—10 acres in SW 1/4 NW 1/4 section 7-4-10.

George E. Weese et ux to Hannah Larson—Lot 5, David Cole subdivision.

J. E. Wilson to Elvira E. Wilson—Lot 5, block 1, Hillyard addition.

Long Beach Savings Bank and Trust Company to W. W. Wilson—Lot 14, block 224, and lot 1, block 225, section A, Newport Beach.

Court Orders

In re Murietta E. Morris, bankrupt, to Murietta E. Morris, U. S. district court order confirming sale. 160 acres in section 28-6-6.

In re estate of Elsie L. P. Thomas, deceased, superior court of Orange county. Order authorizing mortgaging of 47.79 acres near Olive.

In re estate of Tom Jackson, deceased, to George Jackson et al, superior court of Orange county. De-

cree of distribution undivided one-half interest in 5 acres in lot 2, block E, A. E. Chapman tract.

In re guardianship of Fred Livingston, minor, to James F. Watmer et al, superior court of Orange county.

Order confirming sale of undivided one-sixth interest in lot 3, block C, Walgrave tract.

Miscellaneous

Bill of sale: B. M. Minnick to Clarae L. Minnick, furniture.

Abandonment of homestead: Murietta E. Morris, 160 acres in section 28-6-6.

Plans: Arthur Staley to J. J. Burke, plans for dwelling on lot 7, block 4, Kraemer tract.

July 20, 1918—Deeds

Danilo Dakovich et ux to J. T. Johnson et ux—Part of lot 1, South Placentia Tract No. 2.

F. W. Wiessemann et ux to L. J. Bowen—Lot 4, E. M. Smiley's subdivi-

sion.

I. J. Bowen to F. W. Wiessemann et ux—Same.

John Nichols to Greenville Bean Growers' Association—Part of lot 4, Williams' tract.

W. M. Ward et ux to J. W. Martin—West half of northwest quarter of northeast quarter, section 20-5-10.

Lillian H. Holt to Grace Holt Kellem et al, conj—Lots 2 and 4, block 614, Huntington Beach, 17th Street section.

Bill of Sale

George George Roloff to Maggie E. Barnett—All goods, fixtures, etc., in Woman's Exchange at 218 East Center street, Anaheim.

W. S. S.

Don't fail to attend the "Jitney Dance" at Elk's Hall Friday evening.

An Egyptian dance and vaudeville will be given during intermission.

W. S. S.

ARE YOU GOING TO MOVE?

If so, let us figure with you on doing your job. We

Move Household Furniture Anywhere,

Any Time, Any Distance.

Heavy Loads and Long Hauls Our Specialty—Motor

Trucks or Wagons.

Santa Ana Commercial Co.

Phones: Sunset 66; Home 366.

Transfer Dept.

1105 East Fourth St.

## Attention! Bad Stomachs

Introducing a Wonderful